## Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A system for semi-biologic nuclear replacement for a degenerated disc of a spine of a mammalian body comprising:

an injection tube having a small diameter corresponding to a small entrance hole <u>having a</u> <u>first cross-sectional diameter</u> defined in the degenerated disc that is at least partially excavated to create a cavity <u>having a maximum second cross-sectional diameter that is larger than the first</u> diameter;

a volume of tissue promoting material sufficient to fill at least a portion of the cavity; and an insertion device operably coupled to the injection tube that dispenses the volume of tissue promoting material into the cavity in a piecemeal manner as a plurality of aliquots of one or more strands of the tissue promoting material.

2. (Currently Amended) A system for semi-biologic nuclear replacement for a degenerated disc of a spine of a mammalian body comprising:

an injection tube having a small diameter corresponding to a small entrance hole <u>having a first cross-sectional diameter</u> defined in the degenerated disc that is at least partially excavated to create a cavity <u>having a maximum second cross-sectional diameter that is larger than the first</u> diameter;

a volume of tissue promoting material sufficient to fill at least a portion of the cavity, wherein the tissue promoting material is selected from a group consisting of fibrous tissue promoting material, cartilaginous promoting material and any combination thereof; and

an insertion device operably coupled to the injection tube that dispenses the volume of tissue promoting material into the cavity in a piecemeal manner as a plurality of aliquots of the tissue promoting material.

- 3. (Withdrawn) The nuclear replacement of claim 1 wherein the tissue promoting material is a preparation of multilayered bands piled in a circular configuration.
- 4. (Original) The nuclear replacement of claim 1 wherein the tissue promoting material is a preparation of tangled knots.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The nuclear replacement of claim 1 wherein the tissue promoting material is a preparation of multiple fabric bands.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The nuclear replacement of claim 1 wherein the tissue promoting material is combined with hydrogel.
- 7. (Withdrawn) The nuclear replacement of claim 1 wherein the tissue promoting material is surrounded by a porous container.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A system for semi-biologic nuclear replacement for a degenerated disc of a spine of a mammalian body comprising:

an injection tube having a small diameter corresponding to a small entrance hole <u>having a</u> <u>first cross-sectional diameter</u> defined in the degenerated disc that is at least partially excavated to create a cavity <u>having a maximum second cross-sectional diameter that is larger than the first</u> diameter;

a volume of tissue promoting material sufficient to fill at least a portion of the cavity, wherein the tissue promoting material is selected from a group consisting of: autograft, allograft, or xenograft of fascia, manmade polymeric fiber, talc, tissue promoting pharmaceuticals, tissue promoting minerals, tissue morphogenic protein, notochord cells and any combination thereof; and

an insertion device operably coupled to the injection tube that dispenses the volume of tissue promoting material into the cavity in a piecemeal manner as a plurality of aliquots of the tissue promoting material.

9-15. (Canceled).

16. (Currently Amended) A system for semi-biologic nuclear replacement for a degenerated disc of a spine of a mammalian body comprising:

an injection tube having a small diameter corresponding to a small entrance hole <u>having a</u>

<u>first cross-sectional diameter</u> defined in the degenerated disc that is at least partially excavated to

create a cavity <u>having a maximum second cross-sectional diameter that is larger than the first</u>

diameter;

at least one strand of pliable tissue promoting material having an effective cross-sectional diameter less than the small diameter of the injection tube;

the at least one strand of pliable tissue promoting material having a volume sufficient to fill at least a portion of the cavity; and

an insertion device operably coupled to the injection tube that dispenses a length of the pliable tissue promoting material into the cavity such that the at least one strand is folded so as to fill at least a portion of the cavity.

- 17. (Original) The nuclear replacement of claim 1 wherein the tissue promoting material is selected from a group consisting of fibrous tissue promoting material, cartilaginous promoting material and any combination thereof.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The nuclear replacement of claim 16 wherein the tissue promoting material is a preparation of multilayered bands piled in a circular configuration.
- 19. (Original) The nuclear replacement of claim 16 wherein the tissue promoting material is a preparation of tangled knots.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The nuclear replacement of claim 16 wherein the tissue promoting material is a preparation of multiple fabric bands.

- 21. (Withdrawn) The nuclear replacement of claim 16 wherein the tissue promoting material is combined with hydrogel.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The nuclear replacement of claim 16 wherein the tissue promoting material is surrounded by a porous container.
- 23. (Original) The nuclear replacement of claim 16 wherein the tissue promoting material is selected from a group comprising: autograft, allograft, or xenograft of fascia, autograft, manmade polymeric fiber, tale, tissue promoting pharmaceuticals, tissue promoting minerals, tissue morphogenic protein, notochord cells and any combination thereof.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A method of constructing a semi-biologic nuclear replacement for a degenerated disc of a spine of a mammalian body comprising:

boring a small entrance hole <u>having a first cross-sectional diameter</u> into the degenerated disc;

the first diameter by reaming the degenerated disc and at least partially removing a degenerated disc nucleus via the small entrance hole; and

inserting a plurality of pieces of strands of tissue promoting material into the cavity to create the semi-biologic nuclear replacement for the degenerated disc by stimulating the tissue forming response in the mammalian body to the tissue promoting material.

- 25. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein the tissue promoting material is selected from a group consisting of fibrous tissue promoting material, cartilaginous promoting material and any combination thereof.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein endplate cartilage is partially removed.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein endplate cartilage is retained.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein portions of an outer annulus are removed.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein portions of an outer annulus are retained.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein the tissue promoting material is selected from a group comprising: autograft, allograft, or xenograft of fascia, manmade polymeric fiber, talc, tissue promoting pharmaceuticals, tissue promoting minerals, tissue morphogenic protein, notochord cells and any combination thereof.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein the disc cavity surface is coated with a tissue promoting material.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24 wherein the tissue promoting material is combined with hydrogel.

- 33. (Original) The method of claim 24 further comprising:inserting a porous container into the disc cavity;said porous container adapted for tissue promoting material insertion therein.
- 34. (Withdrawn) A method of constructing a semi-biologic nuclear replacement for a degenerated disc of a spine of a mammalian body comprising:

boring a small entrance hole into the degenerated disc;

creating a cavity by reaming the degenerated disc and at least partially removing a degenerated disc nucleus via the small entrance hole; and

inserting at least one strand of pliable tissue promoting material into the cavity such that a length of the at least one strand is folded within the cavity to create the semi-biologic nuclear replacement for the degenerated disc by stimulating the tissue forming response in the mammalian body to the tissue promoting material.

- 35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein the tissue promoting material is selected from a group consisting of fibrous tissue promoting material, cartilaginous promoting material and any combination thereof.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein endplate cartilage is partially removed.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein the endplate cartilage is retained.

- 38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein portions of an outer annulus are removed.
- 39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein an outer annulus is retained.
- 40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein the tissue promoting material is selected from a group consisting of: autograft, allograft, or xenograft of fascia lata, autograft, manmade polymeric fiber, talc, tissue promoting pharmaceuticals, tissue promoting minerals, tissue morphogenic protein, notochord cells, and any combination thereof.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein the disc cavity surface is coated with a tissue promoting material.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein the tissue promoting material is combined with hydrogel.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 further comprising:inserting a porous container into the disc cavity;said porous container adpapted for tissue promoting material insertion therein.

44-52. (Canceled).

53. (New) A method of constructing a semi-biologic nuclear replacement for a degenerated disc of a spine of a mammalian body comprising:

providing a plurality of pieces of strands of tissue promoting material; and providing instructions for constructing a semi-biologic nuclear replacement of the degenerated disc, including:

boring a small entrance hole having a first cross-sectional diameter into the degenerated disc;

creating a cavity having a maximum second cross-sectional diameter that is larger than the first diameter by reaming the degenerated disc and at least partially removing a degenerated disc nucleus via the small entrance hole; and

inserting the plurality of pieces of strands of tissue promoting material into the cavity to create the semi-biologic nuclear replacement for the degenerated disc by stimulating the tissue forming response in the mammalian body to the tissue promoting material.